

General Knowledge (Pakistan Affairs)

TIME ALLOWED: 03 HOURS

MAX:MARKS: 100

- Note: i) Attempt ONLY FIVE questions in all, including Question No.1, which is COMPULSORY.
ii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
iii) Candidate must draw two straight lines (====) at the end to separate each question attempted in answer book.
Q.1 Write only the correct answer in the Answer Book. Do not reproduce the question.

- 1) In 1863 Sir Syed Ahmed Khan established a school at:
a. Muradabad
b. Ghazipur
c. Agra
d. Depalpur
- 2) *Nadwat-ul-Ulema* was established in:
a. 1892
b. 1894
c. 1896
d. 1893
- 3) Indian National Congress was established by:
a. Lord Dufferin
b. Martin
c. A.O.Hume
d. Warren Hasting
- 4) Who announced partition of Bengal?
a) Lord Hastings
b. Lord Wavell
c) Lord Curzon
d. Lord Minto
- 5) When Liaquat Ali Khan became the secretary of All-India Muslim League:
a. 1936
b. 1937
c. 1938
d. 1939
- 6) Separate electorate was demanded by the Muslim in:
a. 1906
b. 1909
c. 1935
d. 1919
- 7) At the end of the First World War British Government introduced:
a. Communal Award
b. Montague-Chelmsford Reform
c. Minto-Morley Reform
d. None of these
- 8) The institution of Khilafat was abolished in:
a. November 1923
b. March 1923
c. November 1924
d. March 1924
- 9) Jinnah's Fourteen Points implied a form of government which had to be:
a. Federal
b. Presidential
c. Parliamentary
d. Quasi-Federal
- 10) Cripps Mission visited India in:
a. 1937
b. 1940
c. 1942
d. None of these
- 11) Sir Fazl-e-Hussain, the leader of the Unionist Party was succeeded by:
a. Sir Khizar Hayat
b. Sir Feroz Khan Noon
c. Sir Sikandar Hayat
d. Mumtaz Daultana
- 12) When did Lord Mountbatten, as Viceroy, arrive at India?
a. March 20, 1947
b. March 22, 1947
c. March 21, 1947
d. March 23, 1947
- 13) Constitution of 1956 was frame during the tenure of:
a. Feroz Khan Noon
b. Hussian Shaheed Suhrawardy
c. Muhammad Ali Bogra
d. None of these
- 14) The Cabinet of Khawaja Nazimuddin was dismissed in:
a. 1950
b. 1952
c. 1953
d. 1955
- 15) The Seventh Prime Minister of Pakistan was
a. Muhammad Ali Bogra
b. Hussian Shaheed Suhrawardy
c. I. I. Chundrigar
d. Sir Feroz Khan Noon
- 16) *Myth of Independence* was written by:
a. Liaquat Ali Khan
b. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
c. Benazir Bhutto
d. Victoria Sheffield
- 17) During Zia regime a referendum was held in:
a. 1979
b. 1980
c. 1984
d. 1985
- 18) Forests cover area of Pakistan equal to:
a. 3.8%
b. 4.2%
c. 4.5%
d. 5.0%
- 19) What does UNESCO stand for?
20) What does NATO stand for?

Q. 2: Sir Syed Ahmed Khan was the pioneer of Muslim separatism in India which led to the creation of Pakistan. Comment.

Q. 3: Describe the background of the establishment of the All-India Muslim League, keeping your focus on its aims and objectives.

Q. 4: Owing to its geographical situation Pakistan bears immense geo-strategic significance. Did any of the governments in Pakistan could successfully translate this significance into reality?

Q. 5: Had the judiciary not upheld the executive order to dissolve the First Constituent Assembly of Pakistan, the political/constitutional history of Pakistan would have been different. Substantiate your answer with arguments.

Q. 6: Critically examine the Islamic provisions incorporated in the 1973 Constitution of Pakistan as amended to date.

Q. 7: In Pakistan Army intervened in the political system due to immature leadership and weak institutions. Argue.

Q. 8: To face the challenges of globalization Pakistan has to revisit and reform its strategies. Elaborate the statement with arguments.